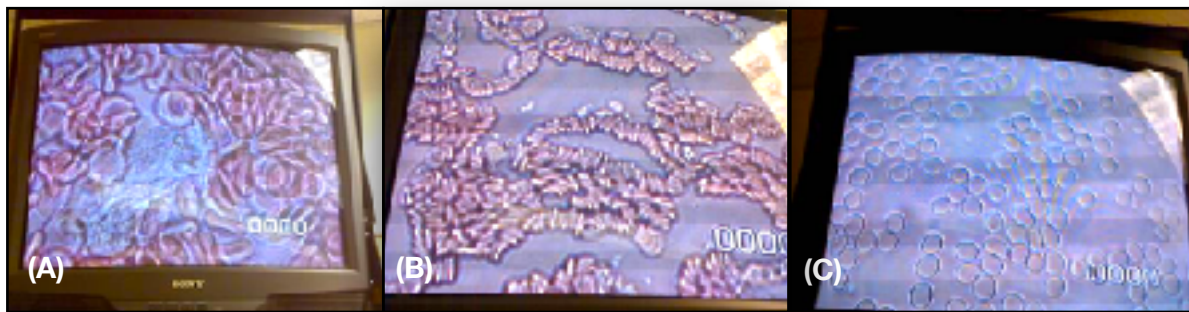


WayBack Water Study

The following pictures are blood samples taken from different people who were present for this study. Therefore, the samples show microscopic views of blood extracted and immediately placed on slides.

This individual's blood represents a fairly typical blood sample that could have come from most members of the general population. The ensuing study verifies a lack of proper hydration of the blood stream and its effect on red blood cells.



MICROGRAPH SHOWING RED BLOOD CELLS OF SUBJECT. (A) INITIAL, (B) AFTER CONSUMPTION OF REGULAR DRINKING WATER, (C) AFTER CONSUMPTION OF MKRX WATER.

As you can see the RBC's (Red Blood Cells) in the subject's blood above appear the healthiest when you look at the standard medical definition given below and slide (C) above.

Erythrocytes (red blood cells)

The mature red blood cell (rbc) consists primarily of hemoglobin (about 90%). The membrane is composed of lipids and proteins. In addition, there are numerous enzymes present which are necessary for oxygen transport and cell viability. The main function of the red cell is to carry oxygen to the tissues and return carbon dioxide from the tissues to the lungs. The protein hemoglobin is responsible for most of this exchange. Normal red blood cells are round, have a small area of central pallor, and show only a slight variation in size. A normal red cell is 6-8 μm in diameter. As the relative amount of hemoglobin in the red cell decreases or increases, the area of central pallor will decrease or increase accordingly.

Standard Absorption Test comparing MKRX water (latter named WayBack water)

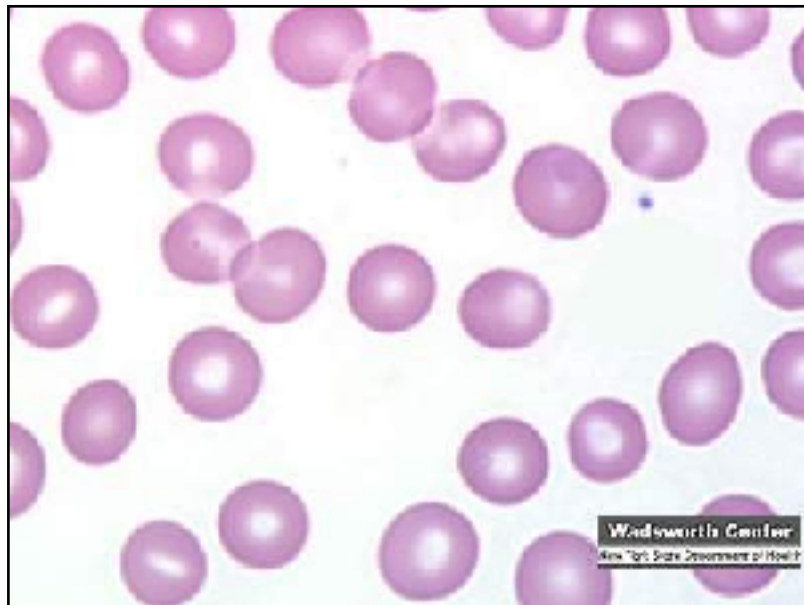
Observations 9 July 2006 at BCC

Abstract:

Two types of water: regular drinking water and MKRX Water were compared based on their hydrating properties.

Procedure:

The hydrating properties of two waters were observed on the osmosis effect (transferring a less concentrated solution to a more concentrated one). Two pieces of the same plant leaf were put under a microscope. Later a concentrated solution of Sodium Chloride was added to both samples. Next, the two samples of water were added to the leaf sample.



LEAF SAMPLE CELLS SHOWING RAPID WATER ABSORPTION AFTER MKRX WATER.

Observation

The leaf sample with MKRX Water exhibited water absorption immediately (in 30 seconds); whereas, the sample with regular drinking water exhibit water

penetration after 30 minutes (but had not reached the same level of cell hydration like it happened in a case with MKRX Water).

Conclusion

The experiment had shown that MKRX Water has much higher and faster hydrating ability than a regular drinking water.

Theory

A high hydrating property of MKRX Water will find great application in medical and cosmetic industries

Note: The physicist who developed this water was able to determine that the water particles were represented by 3 basic three dimensional structures and average .4 nanometers in size.

That size particle is far more penetrating of body tissue resulting in superior intra-cellular hydration.